UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 4, 2016

Hanesbrands Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-32891 (Commission File Number) 20-3552316 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

1000 East Hanes Mill Road Winston-Salem, NC (Address of principal executive offices)

27105 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (336) 519-8080

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition

On February 4, 2016, Hanesbrands Inc. ("HanesBrands") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the fourth quarter and fiscal year ended January 2, 2016. A copy of the press release is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K. Exhibit 99.1 is being "furnished" and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), nor shall Exhibit 99.1 be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Exhibit 99.1 contains disclosures about adjusted EPS, adjusted net income, adjusted operating profit (and margin), adjusted SG&A, adjusted gross profit (and margin) and EBITDA, which are not generally accepted accounting principle ("GAAP") measures. Adjusted EPS is defined as diluted EPS excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted net income is defined as net income excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted operating profit is defined as operating profit excluding actions. Adjusted gross profit is defined as gross profit excluding actions. Adjusted SG&A is defined as selling, general and administrative expenses excluding actions. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

HanesBrands has chosen to provide these measures to investors to enable additional analyses of past, present and future operating performance and as a supplemental means of evaluating company performance absent the effect of acquisition-related expenses and other actions. This non-GAAP information should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP or other pro forma measures used by other companies.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

HanesBrands has made available on the investors section of its corporate website, www.Hanes.com/investors, certain supplemental materials regarding HanesBrands' financial results and business operations (the "Supplemental Information"). The Supplemental Information is furnished herewith as Exhibit 99.2 and is incorporated by reference. All information in the Supplemental Information is presented as of the particular date or dates referenced therein, and HanesBrands does not undertake any obligation to, and disclaims any duty to, update any of the information provided.

Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K include forward-looking financial information that is expected to be discussed on our previously announced conference call with investors and analysts to be held at 4:30 p.m., Eastern time, today (February 4, 2016). The call may be accessed at www.Hanes.com/investors. Replays of the call will be available at www.Hanes.com/investors and via telephone. The telephone playback will be available from approximately midnight, Eastern time, on February 4, 2016, until midnight, Eastern time, on February 11, 2016. The replay will be available by calling toll-free (855) 859-2056, or by toll call at (404) 537-3406. The replay pass code is 40020288. Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 are being "furnished" and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, nor shall they be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 Press release dated February 4, 2016

Exhibit 99.2 Supplemental Information

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

February 4, 2016 HANESBRANDS INC.

By: /s/ Richard D. Moss

Richard D. Moss Chief Financial Officer

Exhibits

99.1	Press release	dated Februa	iry 4, 2016

99.2 Supplemental Information



news release

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

News Media, contact: Matt Hall, (336) 519-3386

Analysts and Investors, contact: T.C. Robillard, (336) 519-2115

HANESBRANDS REPORTS FOURTH-QUARTER AND FULL-YEAR 2015 FINANCIAL RESULTS AND ISSUES FULL-YEAR 2016 GUIDANCE

- Third Consecutive Year of Record Net Sales, Adjusted Operating Profit, and Adjusted Earnings per Share with Guidance Calling for a Fourth Straight Record Year in 2016
- 2015 Adjusted EPS was \$1.66, an Increase of 17%; GAAP EPS of \$1.06
- 2016 Adjusted EPS Range Expected to Increase 11% to 15% to \$1.85 to \$1.91

WINSTON-SALEM, N.C. (Feb. 4, 2016) - HanesBrands (NYSE: HBI), a leading global marketer of everyday basic apparel under world-class brands, today reported a third consecutive year of record net sales, adjusted operating profit and adjusted diluted earnings per share.

Net sales increased 8 percent to \$5.73 billion for the year ended Jan. 2, 2016, while 2015 core sales in constant currency were essentially flat to the prior year. Fourth-quarter net sales decreased 7 percent, while core sales in constant currency decreased 5 percent.

Adjusted operating profit excluding actions for the year increased 13 percent to \$861 million and increased 6 percent in the fourth quarter. Adjusted EPS excluding actions for the year increased 17 percent to \$1.66 and increased 22 percent in the fourth quarter to \$0.44. On a GAAP basis, operating profit increased 6 percent for the year to \$595 million and increased 20 percent for the fourth quarter, while EPS increased 7 percent for the year to \$1.06 and increased 36 percent for the fourth quarter to \$0.30.

(Core sales are stated in constant currency and exclude revenue from acquisitions before their anniversary, a retailer exit from Canada, and the effect of the 53rd week in 2014. All adjusted consolidated measures and comparisons in this news release exclude \$266 million and \$199 million of pretax charges related to acquisitions and other actions in 2015 and 2014, respectively. See GAAP reconciliation section below for additional details.)

For 2016, Hanes expects another year of double-digit earnings growth. Guidance for adjusted EPS is \$1.85 to \$1.91, or expected growth of 11 percent to 15 percent. Net sales are expected to be \$5.8 billion to \$5.9 billion, up 1 percent to 3 percent, and expectations for adjusted operating profit of \$920 million to \$950 million would be an increase of 7 percent to 10 percent.

"We delivered our third consecutive record year in 2015, although we are disappointed with our fourth-quarter performance," Hanes Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Richard A. Noll said. "For 2016, I feel confident in our growth expectations and outlook for a fourth consecutive year with a double-digit increase in adjusted EPS."

HanesBrands Reports Fourth-Quarter 2015 Financial Results - Page 2

Key Callouts for Full-year and Fourth-Quarter 2015 Financial Results

Acquisitions Among Contributors to Record Results. Acquisition benefits, margin expansion and cost control contributed to record net sales, adjusted operating profit and adjusted EPS for the year, despite lower-than-expected fourth-quarter performance. The company continued to reap synergy benefits in 2015 from its 2013 Maidenform acquisition, while the integrations of the company's 2014 acquisition of DBApparel (Hanes Europe Innerwear) and 2015 acquisition of licensed apparel leader Knights Apparel are underway.

Core Sales Stable Despite Fourth-Quarter Consumer Traffic Falloff. Core sales in constant currency for 2015 were comparable to 2014 levels, with Innerwear core sales down 1 percent and Activewear core sales down 1 percent. For the fourth quarter, net sales and core sales for both Innerwear and Activewear decreased as domestic retail traffic declined significantly as historic warm weather enveloped the eastern two-thirds of the United States in November and December. Innerwear core sales in the fourth quarter decreased 2 percent, while Activewear core sales in the quarter decreased 12 percent.

Retail traffic declined by high-single-digit percentages in November and the first three weeks of December. The prolonged traffic declines weighed on point-of-sale trends and caused retailers to pull back on orders, impacting shipments for both replenishment Innerwear and cold-weather and replenishment Activewear. Improvement in retail traffic and Hanes' point-of-sale sell-through in the latter third of December and into January was too late to influence fourth-quarter shipments.

Margin Growth. In addition to adjusted operating profit growth, adjusted operating profit margins increased 180 basis points in the fourth quarter and 70 basis points to 15.0 percent of sales for the full year. On a GAAP basis, operating profit margin for 2015 was 10.4 percent.

2016 Financial Guidance

The company's financial guidance for full-year 2016 would result in a fourth consecutive year of record net sales, adjusted operating profit and adjusted EPS. The company also expects a record year of cash flow in the range of \$750 million to \$850 million of net cash from operating activities.

The company's expectations for 2016 net sales of \$5.8 billion to \$5.9 billion represents growth of approximately 1 percent to 3 percent. This guidance reflects additional incremental sales from completed acquisitions, the nonrecurrence of certain negative impacts in 2015, and contributions from Innovate-to-Elevate platforms and an increased focus on driving core volume that more than offset the negative impacts from currency valuations. The company's sales initiatives include continued growth and space expansion for Innovate-to-Elevate platforms; such as *Hanes* and *Champion* X-Temp; application of Innovate-to-Elevate and marketing programs for core products; omnichannel programs, and *Champion* product enhancements.

Expected adjusted operating profit of \$920 million to \$950 million represents growth of 7 percent to 10 percent. Profit is expected to benefit from continued synergies from acquisitions, supply chain internalization, and SG&A leverage. At the midpoint of net sales and profit guidance, the implied adjusted operating profit margin of 16.0 percent would be 100 basis points higher than 2015. Acquisition benefits, including contributions from the integrations underway for the company's Hanes Europe Innerwear business and licensed sports apparel business (comprised of Knights Apparel and Gear for Sports), are expected to add \$40 million in synergies. The company continues to expand its production operations in Vietnam and is internalizing additional Innerwear and Activewear across its global supply chain.

HanesBrands Reports Fourth-Quarter 2015 Financial Results - Page 3

The midpoint of the expected \$750 million to \$850 million of net cash from operating activities in 2016 would represent an increase of approximately \$575 million versus 2015. Contributors to the expected increase include: more than \$300 million from working capital improvements, driven by inventory reduction; approximately \$140 million from lower expected pretax cash charges related to acquisitions and other actions; approximately \$60 million from expected growth in adjusted net income; and \$60 million from reducing its voluntary pension contribution in 2016 to \$40 million versus \$100 million in 2015. The company expects net capital expenditures to be approximately \$70 million.

Interest expense and other expense are expected to be approximately \$115 million to \$120 million combined. The 2016 full-year tax rate is expected to be approximately 10 percent to 11 percent, with the rate expected to vary by quarter.

The company's 2016 guidance includes expected share repurchases spending similar to 2015 when the company repurchased 12 million shares for \$352 million.

Hanes has updated its quarterly frequently-asked-questions document, which is available at www.Hanes.com/faq.

Charges for Actions and Reconciliation to GAAP Measures

In 2015, Hanes incurred \$266 million in pretax charges, including \$54 million in the fourth quarter, related to acquisitions, primarily DBApparel and Knights Apparel, and other actions. In 2014, the company incurred \$199 million in pretax charges, including \$69 million in the fourth quarter, related to acquisitions, primarily Maidenform and DBApparel, and other actions. See Table 5 attached to this press release for more details on pretax charges for actions.

Adjusted EPS, adjusted net income, adjusted operating profit (and margin), adjusted SG&A, adjusted gross profit (and margin) and EBITDA are not generally accepted accounting principle measures. Adjusted EPS is defined as diluted EPS excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted net income is defined as net income excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted operating profit is defined as operating profit excluding actions. Adjusted SG&A is defined as selling, general and administrative expenses excluding actions. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Hanes has chosen to provide these non-GAAP measures to investors to enable additional analyses of past, present and future operating performance and as a supplemental means of evaluating company operations. Non-GAAP measures should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP or other pro forma measures used by other companies. See Table 2 and Table 5 attached to this press release to reconcile these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

For 2016 guidance, Hanes' current estimate for pretax charges related to acquisition, integration and other actions is approximately \$70 million to \$100 million. The company believes guidance for adjusted EPS and adjusted operating profit provides investors with an additional means of analyzing the company's performance absent the effect of acquisition-related expenses and other actions.

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On a GAAP basis, full-year 2016 diluted EPS will vary depending on actual performance, pretax charges and tax rate. GAAP diluted EPS could be in the range of \$1.60 to \$1.77. GAAP operating profit for 2016 could be in the range of \$820 million to \$880 million.

Webcast Conference Call

Hanes will host an Internet webcast of its quarterly investor conference call at 4:30 p.m. EST today. The broadcast, which will consist of prepared remarks followed by a question-and-answer session, may be accessed at www.Hanes.com/investors. The call is expected to conclude by 5:30 p.m.

An archived replay of the conference call webcast will be available at www.Hanes.com/investors. A telephone playback will be available from approximately midnight EST today through midnight EST Feb. 11 2016. The replay will be available by calling toll-free (855) 859-2056, or by toll call at (404) 537-3406. The replay pass code is 40020288.

Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains certain "forward-looking statements," as defined under U.S. federal securities laws, with respect to our long-term goals and trends associated with our business, as well as guidance as to future performance. In particular, among others, statements following the heading "2016 Financial Guidance," as well as statements about the benefits anticipated from the DBApparel and Knights Apparel acquisitions, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on our current intent, beliefs, plans and expectations. Readers are cautioned not to place any undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements necessarily involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside of our control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements and from our historical results and experience. These risks and uncertainties include such things as: our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses; any inadequacy, interruption, integration failure or security failure with respect to our information technology; the impact of significant fluctuations and volatility in various input costs, such as cotton and oil-related materials, utilities, freight and wages; our ability to manage our inventory effectively and accurately forecast demand for our products; the highly competitive and evolving nature of the industry in which we compete; the risk of improper conduct by any of our employees, agents or business partners that threatens our reputation and ability to do business; our complex multinational tax structure; significant fluctuations in foreign exchange rates; our ability to access sufficient capital at reasonable rates or commercially reasonable terms or to maintain sufficient liquidity in the amounts and at the times needed; risks associated with our indebtedness; and other risks identified from time to time in our most recent Securities and Exchange Commission reports, including our annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Since it is not possible to predict or identify all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect future results, the above list should not be considered a complete list. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and HanesBrands undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, other than as required by law.

HanesBrands

HanesBrands, based in Winston-Salem, N.C., is a socially responsible leading marketer of everyday basic innerwear and activewear apparel in the Americas, Europe and Asia under some of the world's strongest apparel brands, including *Hanes*, *Champion*, *Playtex*, *DIM*, *Bali*, *Maidenform*, *Flexees*, *JMS/Just My Size*, *Wonderbra*, *Nur Die/Nur Der*, *Lovable* and *Gear for Sports*. The company sells T-shirts, bras, panties, shapewear, underwear, socks, hosiery, and activewear produced in the company's low-cost global supply chain. A member of the S&P 500 stock index, Hanes has approximately 65,300 employees in more than 35 countries and is ranked No. 490 on the Fortune 500 list of America's largest companies by sales. Hanes takes pride in its strong reputation for ethical business practices. The company is the only apparel producer to ever be honored by the Great Place to Work Institute for its workplace practices in Central America and the Caribbean. For six consecutive years, Hanes has won the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Energy Star sustained excellence/partner of the year award - the only apparel company to earn these honors. The company ranks No. 246 on Newsweek magazine's green list of 500 largest U.S. companies. More information about the company and its corporate social responsibility initiatives, including environmental, social compliance and community improvement achievements, may be found at www.Hanes.com/corporate.

HANESBRANDS INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Amounts in thousands, except per-share amounts) (Unaudited)

		Quarter Ended					Year			
		January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015	% Change	January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015		% Change
Net sales	\$	1,409,557	\$	1,522,596	(7.4)%	\$	5,731,549	\$	5,324,746	7.6%
Cost of sales		868,431		977,035			3,595,217		3,420,339	
Gross profit		541,126		545,561	(0.8)%	2,136,332 1,904,407		1,904,407	12.2%	
As a % of net sales		38.4%		35.8%			37.3%		35.8%	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		383,200		414,411			1,541,214		1,340,453	
As a % of net sales		27.2%		27.2%			26.9%		25.2%	
Operating profit	·	157,926		131,150	20.4 %		595,118		563,954	5.5%
As a % of net sales		11.2%		8.6%		10.4% 10.66		10.6%		
Other expenses		1,280		709			3,210		2,599	
Interest expense, net		30,772		29,922			118,035		96,387	
Income before income tax expense	·	125,874		100,519			473,873		464,968	
Income tax expense		6,711		11,082			45,018		60,449	
Net income	\$	119,163	\$	89,437	33.2 %	\$ 428,855 \$ 404,519		404,519	6.0%	
Earnings per share:										
Basic	\$	0.30	\$	0.22	36.4 %	\$	1.07	\$	1.01	5.9%
Diluted	\$	0.30	\$	0.22	36.4 %	\$	1.06	\$	0.99	7.1%
Weighted average shares outstanding:										
Basic		393,187		403,316			399,891		402,300	
Diluted		396,082		408,400			403,659		408,044	

HANESBRANDS INC. Supplemental Financial Information (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended ¹				Year 1					
		January 2, 2016	January 3, 2015	% Change	January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015		% Change	
Segment net sales:										
Innerwear	\$	658,420	\$ 699,680	(5.9)%	\$	2,649,399	\$	2,707,474	(2.1)%	
Activewear		368,144	372,973	(1.3)%		1,561,201		1,410,036	10.7 %	
Direct to Consumer		98,638	108,299	(8.9)%		388,312		409,028	(5.1)%	
International		284,355	341,644	(16.8)%		1,132,637		798,208	41.9 %	
Total net sales	\$	1,409,557	\$ 1,522,596	(7.4)%	\$	5,731,549	\$	5,324,746	7.6 %	
Segment operating profit:										
Innerwear	\$	157,925	\$ 148,992	6.0 %	\$	601,514	\$	561,507	7.1 %	
Activewear		60,601	49,774	21.8 %		252,077		200,952	25.4 %	
Direct to Consumer		4,945	11,341	(56.4)%		26,377		37,867	(30.3)%	
International		30,056	36,533	(17.7)%		107,997		89,479	20.7 %	
General corporate expenses/other		(41,522)	(46,374)	(10.5)%		(126,787)		(126,918)	(0.1)%	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges		(54,079)	(69,116)	(21.8)%		(266,060)		(198,933)	33.7 %	
Total operating profit	\$	157,926	\$ 131,150	20.4 %	\$	595,118	\$	563,954	5.5 %	
EBITDA ² :										
Net income	\$	119,163	\$ 89,437		\$	428,855	\$	404,519		
Interest expense, net		30,772	29,922			118,035		96,387		
Income tax expense		6,711	11,082			45,018		60,449		
Depreciation and amortization		28,153	28,662			103,903		98,202		
Total EBITDA	\$	184,799	\$ 159,103	16.2 %	\$	695,811	\$	659,557	5.5 %	

 $^{^{1}}$ The fourth quarter and full year ended January 3, 2015, contain a 14^{th} and 53^{rd} week, respectively.

² Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) is a non-GAAP financial measure.

HANESBRANDS INC. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

		January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	319,169	\$	239,855
Trade accounts receivable, net		680,417		672,048
Inventories		1,814,602		1,537,200
Other current assets		103,679		101,064
Total current assets	-	2,917,867		2,550,167
Property, net		650,462		674,379
Intangible assets and goodwill		1,534,830		1,414,321
Other noncurrent assets		515,881		569,326
Total assets	\$	5,619,040	\$	5,208,193
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,133,305	\$	1,112,659
Notes payable	Ф	117,785	Э	1,112,039
Accounts Receivable Securitization Facility		195,163		210,963
Current portion of long-term debt		57,656		14,354
Total current liabilities		1,503,909		1,482,414
Long-term debt		2,254,162		1,613,997
Other noncurrent liabilities		585,078		725,010
Total liabilities				
		4,343,149		3,821,421
Equity		1,275,891		1,386,772
Total liabilities and equity	\$	5,619,040	\$	5,208,193

HANESBRANDS INC. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Year Ended				
	January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015		
Operating Activities:					
Net income	\$	428,855	\$	404,519	
Depreciation and amortization		103,903		98,202	
Other noncash items		38,849		26,159	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net		(344,600)	(20,790)		
Net cash from operating activities		227,007	508,090		
Investing Activities:					
Capital expenditures		(83,971)		(57,191)	
Acquisition of business		(192,829)		(360,439)	
Proceeds from sale of investments and other		_		59,315	
Net cash from investing activities		(276,800)		(358,315)	
Financing Activities:					
Cash dividends paid		(161,316)		(119,607)	
Share repurchases		(351,495)		_	
Net borrowings on notes payable, debt and other		645,793		95,842	
Net cash from financing activities		132,982		(23,765)	
Effect of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on cash		(3,875)		(2,018)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents		79,314		123,992	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		239,855		115,863	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	319,169	\$	239,855	

HANESBRANDS INC. Supplemental Financial Information Reconciliation of Select GAAP Measures to Non-GAAP Measures (Amounts in thousands, except per-share amounts) (Unaudited)

		Quarter Ended				Year Ended			
		January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015		January 2, 2016		January 3, 2015	
Gross profit, as reported under GAAP	\$	541,126	\$	545,561	\$	2,136,332	\$	1,904,407	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges		14,921		31,899		62,859		73,126	
Gross profit, as adjusted	\$	556,047	\$	577,460	\$	2,199,191	\$	1,977,533	
As a % of net sales		39.4%		37.9%		38.4%		37.1%	
Selling, general and administrative expenses, as reported under GAAP	\$	383,200	\$	414,411	\$	1,541,214	\$	1,340,453	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges		(39,158)		(37,217)		(203,201)		(125,807)	
Selling, general and administrative expenses, as adjusted	\$	344,042	\$	377,194	\$	1,338,013	\$	1,214,646	
As a % of net sales		24.4%		24.8%		23.3%	22.8%		
Operating profit, as reported under GAAP	\$	157,926	\$	131,150	\$	595,118	\$	563,954	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges included in gross profit		14,921		31,899		62,859		73,126	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges included in SG&A		39,158		37,217		203,201		125,807	
Operating profit, as adjusted	\$	212,005	\$	200,266	\$	861,178	\$	762,887	
As a % of net sales		15.0%		13.2%		15.0%		14.3%	
Net income, as reported under GAAP	\$	119,163	\$	89,437	\$	428,855	\$	404,519	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges included in gross profit		14,921		31,899		62,859		73,126	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges included in SG&A		39,158		37,217		203,201		125,807	
Tax effect on actions		1,439		(9,829)		(25,276)		(25,862)	
Net income, as adjusted	\$	174,681	\$	148,724	\$	669,639	\$	577,590	
Diluted earnings per share, as reported under GAAP	\$	0.30	\$	0.22	\$	1.06	\$	0.99	
Acquisition, integration and other action related charges	Ψ	0.14	4	0.15	4	0.60	4	0.42	
Diluted earnings per share, as adjusted	\$	0.44	\$	0.36	\$	1.66	\$	1.42	

Fourth Quarter 2015, Knights Apparel and Hanes Europe Innerwear FAQs

Updated February 4, 2016- New or updated information is in red

Fourth Quarter 2015- related FAQs

- Q: Have your thoughts on capital allocation changed given your short-term results?
- A: There is no change to our strategy. Our capital allocation strategy is to effectively deploy our significant, consistent cash flow to generate the best long-term returns for our shareholders. Over time, our goal is for our net debt-to-EBITDA to be in a range of 2 to 3 times. Our strategy is to use our cash flow to fund capital investments and our dividend, use debt for acquisitions and use excess free cash flow, which is defined as cash from operations less capital expenditures and dividends, to repurchase stock. We ended 2015 with a net debt-to-EBITDA ratio of roughly 2.3 and over \$300 million in cash on our balance sheet.
- Q: When will you do the next acquisition?
- A: On our third quarter 2015 earnings call we said we had turned our attention to 2016 acquisitions. Clearly a number of variables need to fall into place to complete an acquisition, but with the integrations of Hanes Europe Innerwear, formerly DBApparel, and Knights Apparel now in full swing, we believe we have the bandwidth to take on acquisitions in 2016.
- Q: What acquisition expectations are factored into your 2016 guidance?
- A: Our 2016 guidance assumes approximately \$50 million in revenue from acquisitions and approximately \$40 million in synergy contributions from Hanes Europe Innerwear, Knights Apparel as well as the remaining synergies from Maidenform. These assumptions include roughly \$20 million in revenue from the Knights Apparel wrap in the first quarter (recall we closed our acquisition of Knights Apparel on April 6, 2015). The remaining approximately \$30 million in revenue contributions is from the re-acquisition of the remainder of the Champion rights in Japan.
- Q: Can you provide any more detail around the re-acquisition of the Champion rights in Japan?
- A: Consistent with our strategy to build out the Champion brand in the Americas and Asia, where we own the rights, we re-acquired the remainder of the rights to Champion in Japan from Goldwin, Inc. We expect this to add roughly \$30 million of incremental revenue to our Japanese unit, with essentially all of it coming in the second half of 2016.
- Q: What macroeconomic and currency expectations are factored into your 2016 guidance?
- A: From a macro perspective, we assume the overall consumer environment remains challenging, as has been the case over the past several years. The low-end of our guidance assumes that the poor holiday traffic trends in the fourth quarter of 2015 repeat in 2016 while the high-end of our guidance assumes a more normalized fourth quarter in 2016 as well as contributions from our various sales initiatives. With respect to currency, our guidance assumes approximately \$40 million of incremental revenue headwinds in 2016, which equates to roughly 60 to 70 basis points of growth, and approximately \$4 million of headwind to our operating profit. While the euro represents our largest currency exposure, on-balance we are assuming a stronger U.S. Dollar relative to all of our major currencies. For perspective, in 2015 currency was a \$95 million revenue headwind, which equated to roughly 180 basis points of growth, and a roughly \$10 million headwind to operating profit.

- Q: How big is the online channel for Hanesbrands and are you focused on driving growth in this channel?
- A: Overall apparel sales online are growing at a high-teens rate. Our online sales represent roughly 7% of our total domestic sales across the online sites of traditional retailers, online pure-plays as well as our own websites, and are growing in-line with the overall online apparel category. We have focused and dedicated numerous people and resources to drive our online business both domestically and internationally, and we have seen great success. For example, one of the largest online pure-plays is now our 8th largest customer, representing over 1% of our total sales, and is growing nearly 70% annually.
- Q: What actions are you taking to lower your inventory and what costs are factored into your 2016 guidance?
- A: Much of the inventory build-up in 2015 was due to the shortfall in sales coming very late in the year. There is no markdown risk with this inventory as it mainly consists of core replenishment products. To reduce our inventory in a cost-efficient manner, we plan to make small adjustments to our manufacturing production schedule, which we plan to do by taking a little time out, internalizing additional production and by drawing down our raw materials and work-in-process. \$10-\$20 million of costs associated with these actions are factored into our current 2016 guidance.
- Q: Can you provide any additional thoughts on the drivers of your expected improvement in 2016 operating margins?
- A: The mid-point of our 2016 guidance implies a 100 basis point increase in our operating profit margin. For 2016, more of the expected operating margin expansion is coming from SG&A leverage than from gross margin improvement. SG&A leverage is expected to come from acquisition synergies, as more of 2016 synergies are in SG&A, as well as our continued execution on cost control programs, while the normal gross margin drivers such as supply chain efficiencies and Innovate-to-Elevate are partially mitigated by the costs associated with reducing our inventory as we make small adjustments to our manufacturing production schedule.
- Q: Can you provide any additional insights regarding your 2016 guidance?
- A: Aside from the various comments provided in earlier answers, there are several other items to keep in mind. First, the bulk of our expected roughly \$40 million in acquisition synergies are expected to come in the second half of 2016. Second, the expected roughly \$40 million of currency headwinds are heavily weighted to the first half of 2016, with the largest single quarter impact expected in the first quarter. Third, the expected costs associated with reducing our inventory are approximately \$10-\$20 million, with the bulk expected to come in the first or second quarter.
- Q: What drove the revenue miss relative to your fourth quarter guidance?
- A: We believe the vast majority was due to the decline in retail traffic. When we gave guidance in October, our assumption was that holiday was going to be challenging. In fact we used the term "show-me" holiday; however at that time we had no line of sight to how severe and prolonged the weak domestic retail traffic was going to be in November and December. Looking at external data tracking services, domestic retail traffic declined at high-singledigit rates in November and through the first three weeks of December driven by one of the warmest holidays on record. It wasn't until the week of Christmas that traffic actually reverted to its mean of low single-digit declines. As we saw the warm weather in late November, we knew our Activewear cold-weather business was going to be impacted. But as the severely negative traffic trends persisted through mid-December, even our domestic Innerwear orders and shipments were impacted in the short-term. While the impact was across all channels, we saw a greater impact in the mid-tier and department store channels. Recall, as we've historically said, significant traffic declines can even impact our replenishment business in the short-term because there are fewer people in the stores, but given the replenishment nature of many of our categories, sell through and shipment trends tend to even out over time. We've seen this as retail traffic improved in the last two weeks of December and into early January, so did our point-of-sale (POS) trends. However, by that time it was too late in the quarter for this rebound to have an impact on our shipments. Looking at January, our Basics POS is up low single-digits month-to-date, while Champion in the sporting goods, mid-tier and department store channels is up low double-digits month-todate.

- Q: You mentioned that 2015 core revenue was flat year-over-year, can you walk me through your calculation?
- A: Core revenue, which excludes acquisitions, the impact from the 53rd week in 2014 and the exit of a large retailer in Canada, was essentially flat for the full year on a constant currency basis. The adjustments from reported revenue are: (1) approximately \$605 million in acquisitions; (2) approximately \$95 million in currency headwinds; (3) approximately \$34 million from the 53rd week in 2014; and, (4) approximately \$34 million from the exit of a large retailer in Canada. In aggregate, currency, the 53rd week and the retailer exit from Canada took off roughly 310 basis points from full-year core sales performance. For the fourth quarter, core revenue declined roughly 5% over last year on a constant currency basis. The adjustments from reported revenue are: (1) approximately \$39 million from the Knights Apparel acquisition; (2) approximately \$41 million in currency headwinds; (3) approximately \$34 million from the 53rd week in 2014; and, (4) approximately \$8 million from the exit of a large retailer in Canada. In aggregate, currency, the 53rd week and the retailer exit from Canada took off roughly 530 basis points from fourth quarter core sales performance. NOTE: Hanes Europe Innerwear is considered part of core revenue for the fourth quarter. For the full year, core revenue excludes all of Knights Apparel and excludes Hanes Europe Innerwear for only the first eight months of 2015 (recall we closed the Hanes Europe Innerwear acquisition on August 29, 2014).
- Q: Was part of the revenue shortfall in the fourth quarter due to weak performance from your acquisitions?
- A: The fourth quarter revenue performance was unrelated to acquisition performance. Both Hanes Europe Innerwear and Knights Apparel performed extremely well in 2015 with both units achieving or exceeding their revenue and operating profit goals.
- Q: Was there any impact in the fourth quarter from further inventory reductions at the large mass retailer that impacted you earlier in the year?
- A: No.
- Q: You missed your operating profit guidance by a much smaller amount relative to the revenue shortfall, how were you able to mitigate most of the revenue miss?
- A: Despite the magnitude of the revenue shortfall, our operating margins did not de-lever. In fact, our adjusted operating margins increased 180 basis points in the fourth quarter and 70 basis points for the full year. The impact on operating profit in the fourth quarter relative to our guidance was due entirely to the sales shortfall. We were able to mitigate the impact of lower sales on our operating profit due to: a higher than expected gross profit margin, which was driven by supply chain efficiency gains; better-than-expected performance from our acquisitions; as well as lower SG&A expenses, driven by reduced variable compensation expense as a result of the lower operating performance, and ongoing cost controls.
- Q: Given the shortfall in operating profit, how were you able to achieve the low-end of your EPS range?
- A: Our earnings per share came in at the low-end of our guidance range for both the fourth quarter and the full-year, despite revenue and operating profit results that were below our guidance range. The shortfall in our operating profit relative to our guidance came in our highest tax-rate jurisdictions, which drove the overall tax rate down below our guidance range.

- Q: Why was cash flow below your guidance range?
- A: Cash flow from operations was \$227 million in 2015. The weaker than expected cash flow was the result of an inventory build-up due to the sales shortfall coming very late in the year. With no markdown risk and specific action plans to reduce inventory, we believe the impact is temporary. For 2016, we expect to generate \$750 million to \$850 million in cash flow from operations, which at the mid-point of our guidance ranges represents an increase of roughly \$575 million over last year. The factors driving the increase are: more than \$300 million from improved working capital, driven by reduced inventory; roughly \$140 million in lower cash XA charges, absent additional acquisitions; approximately \$60 million in expected growth in adjusted net income; and, a \$60 million reduction in our pension contribution.
- Q: Can you provide an update on the integration of Knights Apparel and Hanes Europe Innerwear?
- A: Both integrations are progressing on-schedule and we remain on-track to deliver the expected level of synergies from these acquisitions. We are ramping up production of Hanes Europe Innerwear's products in our facilities and we have begun to in-source production at Knights Apparel. We are also reducing SG&A costs for both Hanes Europe Innerwear and Knights Apparel. With respect to Hanes Europe Innerwear, we are expecting meaningful synergy benefits in 2016 and continuing into 2017 and beyond, ultimately allowing us to reach our goal of €100 million of operating profit, excluding charges. Looking at Knights Apparel, we remain on-track to essentially double their operating profit, excluding charges, to roughly \$40 million.
- Q: Will your capital expenditures increase significantly as a result of your acquisition strategy?
- A: With acquisitions, as the size of our business, profit and cash flows increases, so should the absolute level of our capital spending. Although our spending on capital expenditures has and is expected to continue to fluctuate year to year, we expect our capital expenditures to average around 1.75% of sales going forward, which is in-line with our historical average, and over time should roughly equal depreciation. Spending at this level should allow our global supply chain to remain competitive while also handling the increased capacity needs for growth and our acquisition strategy.
- Q: How does a change in currency exchange rates impact your financial results?
- A: Changes in exchange rates between the U.S. Dollar and other currencies can impact our financial results in twoways; a translation impact and a transaction impact. The translation impact refers to the impact that changes in exchange rates can have on our published financial results. Similar to many multi-national corporations that publish financial results in U.S. Dollars, our revenue and profit earned in local foreign currencies is translated back into U.S. Dollars using an average exchange rate over the representative period. A period of strengthening in the U.S. Dollar results in a negative impact to our published financial results (because it would take more units of a local currency to convert into a dollar). The opposite is true during a period of weakening in the U.S. Dollar. Our biggest foreign currency exposure is the euro.

The transaction impact on financial results is common for apparel companies that source goods because these goods are purchased in U.S. Dollars. The transaction impact from a strengthening dollar would be negative to our financial results (because the U.S. Dollar-based costs would convert into a higher amount of local currency units, which means a higher local-currency cost of goods, and in turn, a lower local-currency gross profit). The transaction impactfrom exchange rates is typically recovered over time with price increases. However, during periods of rapid change in exchange rates; pricing is unable to change quickly enough. In these situations, it could make sense to hedge the exchange rate exposure in sourcing costs.

Knights Apparel-related FAQ

- Q: How much did the Knights Apparel acquisition contribute to your 2015 results?
- A: For the full-year 2015, Knights Apparel generated approximately \$160 million in revenue and approximately \$27 million in operating profit, excluding charges. This compared to our prior guidance of approximately \$160 million in sales and approximately \$22 million in operating profit, excluding charges. In the second quarter, Knights Apparel contributed approximately \$37 million in revenue and approximately \$5 million in operating profit, excluding charges. In the third quarter, Knights Apparel contributed approximately \$84 million in revenue and approximately \$16 million in operating profit, excluding charges. In the fourth quarter, Knights Apparel contributed approximately \$39 million in revenue and approximately \$6.5 million in operating profit, excluding charges.
- Q: What is the expected financial contribution of the Knights Apparel acquisition?
- A: Once synergies are fully realized, which we estimate will be within two to three years of the acquisition close, and excluding charges, we believe Knights Apparel should annually add over \$180 million to sales, approximately \$40 million to operating profit, and approximately \$40 million to cash flow from operations.
- Q: What is the expected return for this acquisition?
- A: Based on the purchase price of roughly \$200 million, this transaction is valued at roughly 8 times estimated 2015 EBITDA, but post synergies, we expect this multiple to drop to roughly 4 ½ times and deliver an after-tax IRR in the high-teens.
- Q: How confident are you that you will be able to achieve the \$40 million of operating profit, excluding charges, within two to three years of the acquisition close and where are the synergies coming from?
- A: We believe we can deliver approximately \$40 million in operating profit, excluding charges, within two to three years of the acquisition close. The sources of synergies include: (1) leveraging the collegiate licensing and graphic art capabilities of our Gear For Sports business; (2) leveraging the strength and expertise of our mass channel business; (3) leveraging our global supply chain and gaining scale from reducing third-party sourcing and decoration; and, (4) eliminating duplicative stand-alone company costs.
- Q: How will their business fit into your global supply chain?
- A: We see their business fitting into our low-cost, company-owned supply chain in two ways. First, they secure blank t-shirts and sweatshirts in the open market that we can supply directly. Second, they outsource their graphic art and printing, which we can integrate into our low-cost printing operations in Honduras, or in the case of short lead time products, into our quick-turn operations in Lenexa, Kansas and Reynosa, Mexico.
- Q: Can you provide any insight into Knights Apparel's business operations?
- A: Knights Apparel is a leading supplier of licensed collegiate sports apparel, predominantly in the mass channel. Knights Apparel has licenses with over 400 colleges and universities, including exclusive arrangements with a significant majority of the top 50 selling schools (as measured by logo apparel sales). They also have a small position in professional sports licensed apparel in the mass channel. Their business is replenishment in nature and they currently source all of their apparel and graphic printing needs. Knights Apparel's leading collegiate apparel position in the mass retail channel is a great complement to Gear For Sports' leading collegiate apparel position in the college bookstore channel.

Hanes Europe Innerwear- related FAQs

- Q: How much did Hanes Europe Innerwear, formerly DBApparel, contribute to your results?
- A: For the full year 2015, Hanes Europe Innerwear contributed approximately €628 million, or roughly \$698 million, to revenue and approximately €44 million, or roughly \$49 million, to operating profit, excluding charges. This compared to our prior guidance of approximately €630 million in revenue and approximately €40 million in operating profit, excluding charges. For the first quarter 2015, Hanes Europe Innerwear contributed approximately €164 million, or roughly \$184 million, to revenue and approximately €11 million, or roughly \$13 million, to operating profit, excluding charges. For the second quarter of 2015, Hanes Europe Innerwear contributed approximately €134 million, or roughly \$149 million, to revenue and approximately €5 million, or roughly \$5 million, to operating profit, excluding charges. For the third quarter of 2015, Hanes Europe Innerwear contributed approximately €161 million, or roughly \$179 million, to revenue and approximately €12 million, or roughly \$13 million, to operating profit, excluding charges. For the fourth quarter of 2015, Hanes Europe Innerwear contributed approximately €170 million, or roughly \$186 million, to revenue and approximately €16 million, or roughly \$18 million, to operating profit, excluding charges.
- Q: What is the expected financial contribution of the Hanes Europe Innerwear acquisition?
- A: Once synergies are fully realized, which we estimate will be within three to four years of the acquisition close, we believe Hanes Europe Innerwear should annually add €100 million to operating profit, excluding charges, which is unchanged from our initial expectations provided on June 25, 2014 when we announced the acquisition.
- Q: How confident are you that you will be able to achieve €100 million in operating profit by year three or four after the acquisition close and where are the synergies coming from?
- A: We believe we can deliver the €100 million, excluding charges, of accretion within three to four years of the acquisition close. The sources of synergies are: (1) leveraging our global supply chain, especially by internalizing third-party sourced production; and, (2) grafting our disciplined Innovate-to-Elevate strategy onto their existing business.
- Q: Does this provide a platform to expand your brands into Europe and vice versa? Is this the revenue synergy opportunity?
- A: The revenue synergies will come from focusing on efforts in Europe that leverage all three aspects of our Innovate-to-Elevate strategy, just as we do elsewhere: building brand power, introducing platform innovations, and leveraging our combined global supply chain with a focus on self-manufacturing. Hanes Europe Innerwear already primarily has the No.1 position in their markets, and the DIM brand already has a dominant share, so there is little need or opportunity to cross- introduce our brands into their geography, and vice versa. We do have the potential to cross-pollinate productideas and R&D expertise.

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Charges for Actions and Reconciliation to GAAP Measures

Adjusted EPS, adjusted net income, adjusted operating profit (and margin), adjusted SG&A, adjusted gross profit (and margin) and EBITDA are not generally accepted accounting principle measures. Adjusted EPS is defined as diluted EPS excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted net income is defined as net income excluding actions and the tax effect on actions. Adjusted operating profit is defined as operating profit excluding actions. Adjusted gross profit is defined as gross profit excluding actions. Adjusted SG&A is defined as selling, general and administrative expenses excluding actions. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

Hanes has chosen to provide these non-GAAP measures to investors to enable additional analyses of past, present and future operating performance and as a supplemental means of evaluating company operations. Non-GAAP measures should not be considered a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP or other pro forma measures used by other companies. See Table 2 and Table 5 attached to our press release dated February 4, 2016 to reconcile these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Hanes' current estimate for pretax charges in 2016 for acquisition, integration and other actions is approximately \$70 to \$100 million. On a GAAP basis, full-year 2016 diluted EPS will vary depending on actual performance, charges and tax rate. GAAP diluted EPS could be in the range of \$1.60 to \$1.77. GAAP operating profit for 2016 could be in the range of \$820 million to \$880 million.

Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

This press release includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts, and can generally be identified by the use of words such as "may," "believe," "will," "expect," "project," "estimate," "intend," "anticipate," "plan," "continue" or similar expressions. In particular, among others, statements about our 2016 financial guidance and the HanesBrands acquisition of Maidenform, DBApparel and Knights Apparel, as well as the re-acquisition of the rights to Champion in Japan from Goldwin, Inc. (the "acquisitions"), including integration plans and the expected impact of the acquisitions on HanesBrands' sales, earnings, operating profit and cash flow from operations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements inherently involve many risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in these statements. Where, in any forward-looking statement, we express an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is based on the current plans and expectations of our management, expressed in good faith. However, there can be no assurance that the expectation or belief will result or will be achieved or accomplished, and actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to our ability to successfully integrate acquired businesses; any inadequacy, interruption, integration failure or security failure with respect to our information technology; the impact of significant fluctuations and volatility in various input costs, such as cotton and oil-related materials, utilities, freight and wages; our ability to manage our inventory effectively and accurately forecast demand for our products; the highly competitive and evolving nature of the industry in which we compete; the risk of improper conduct by any of our employees, agents or business partners that threatens our reputation and ability to do business; our complex multinational tax structure; significant fluctuations in foreign exchange rates; our ability to access sufficient capital at reasonable rates or commercially reasonable terms or to maintain sufficient liquidity in the amounts and at the times needed; risks associated with our indebtedness; and other risks identified from time to time in our most recent Securities and Exchange Commission reports, including our annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q. Since it is not possible to predict or identify all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may affect future results, the above list should not be considered a complete list. We believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, undue reliance should not be placed on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, other than as required by law.